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Colorado Efforts

Who is leading Colorado's response to support Ukrainians in our state?

There is a coordinated statewide effort to support Ukrainians in Colorado. The [Office of New Americans](#) supports Coloradans by connecting immigrants to resources and opportunities and works closely with the [Colorado Refugee Services Program](#), which oversees the resettlement infrastructure in the state. Because this response is different from the traditional refugee resettlement process, these two entities are pulling together expertise from across the state to ensure that Ukrainians, no matter their immigration status, have access to important information and services. These two entities worked closely together in response to our Afghan arrivals and collaborated with other state and local partners. These recent partnerships will help us provide welcome to all newcomers, including those fleeing the war in Ukraine. The Office of New Americans worked to establish the Governor's Ukrainian Migrants Task Force that established how the state will allocate and compile resources and information for Ukrainians coming to Colorado; the Task Force released the first version of the Ukrainian Welcome Packet on the Office of New Americans website. It is available in both English and Ukrainian [here](#).

What benefits and services are Ukrainians and others displaced from Ukraine eligible for?

Effective May 21, 2022, after Congress passed the Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (AUSAA) and President Biden signed it into law, certain Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees became eligible for mainstream and Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) benefits and services.

Ukrainian citizens and non-Ukrainian citizens who last habitually resided in Ukraine who have been granted humanitarian parole by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security between February 24, 2022 and September 30, 2023 are eligible for these benefits and services.

See [ORR Policy Letter 22-13](#) for additional details on eligibility. This [fact sheet](#) from ORR details the types of benefits and services available to this population.

Eligibility for specific benefits varies by family composition, but includes the following mainstream benefits:

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- Medicaid
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)

Individuals are also eligible for resettlement assistance and other benefits available for refugees, however, this *excludes* the traditional initial resettlement program, provided by the U.S. Department of State's [Reception & Placement program](#).

How can Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees access mainstream and Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR)-funded benefits and services in Colorado?

To access both mainstream and ORR-funded benefits and services, individuals need to enroll with one of Colorado's resettlement agencies. Refugee resettlement agency contact information is on the [Core Programs and Services](#) document. Individuals can reach out to the resettlement agencies using the contact information provided or may also visit their office locations to enroll. Resettlement agencies welcome the support and resource navigation help provided by Uniting for Ukraine sponsors as a complement to the mainstream benefit navigation and ORR-funded benefits and services resettlement agencies are able to provide.

There are specific health follow-up requirements that Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees must complete after arrival to the U.S. How can we connect to health services?

There are several key requirements that will ensure the health of Ukrainian newcomers as well as the broader public. Since these requirements may be challenging to navigate independently, the Colorado Refugee Services Program is **requesting all Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees enroll with a refugee resettlement agency in order to:**

- Complete the Refugee Domestic Medical Exam, an indepth health screening outlined by the Centers for Disease Control & Prevention. Note that only select medical providers in Colorado are trained and funded to provide this exam;
- Complete additional dose(s) of the COVID-19 vaccine and other age-appropriate vaccines; and
- Receive a medical screening for tuberculosis, including an Interferon-Gamma Release Assays test within 14 days of arrival.

Will Colorado see Ukrainian asylum seekers?

Yes. Asylum seekers are those individuals who make their own way into the U.S. and claim asylum to Customs and Border Patrol personnel. This happens through self-directed, rather than federally-coordinated, processes. See more from the Bipartisan Policy Center [here](#). Asylum seekers will more than likely be joining family here in the US.



Asylum seekers, should they pass a credible fear interview, should be able to stay in the U.S. while their asylum application is adjudicated in federal court. Asylum seekers must apply for asylum within one year of arrival and are encouraged to meet with a qualified immigration attorney. Asylum seekers are not eligible for mainstream or refugee benefits or services until their asylum case has been approved. However, they can apply for work authorization.

Note that Title 42 remains in effect at our southern border with Mexico, and this affects the ability of asylum seekers to enter the U.S. through that land border. Learn more about this policy [here](#) from the American Immigration Council.

How will *Uniting for Ukraine* impact Colorado?

Colorado's Ukrainian community will have more opportunities to reunite with their family members, and other affected communities, such as Russian Coloradans, will also be able to provide refuge for their loved ones. Because the Biden Administration is focusing on the ability to offer refuge to those who have family in the United States, states with larger Ukrainian populations, such as Washington, Oregon and Illinois, may see larger numbers than Colorado. It is too soon to tell how many Ukrainians will come to our state as a result of the policies enacted under this announcement.

How is the State of Colorado responding to the Russian invasion in Ukraine?

Governor Polis took swift action to condemn Russian aggression and to stand with Ukraine and her people. State actions include:

- Thursday, February 24: Governor Jared Polis signed an [Executive Order](#) on new state actions in response to Russia's invasion of Ukraine
- Friday, February 25: Governor Polis informed the federal government that Colorado is ready to welcome refugees and is prepared to provide support to Ukrainians. Read the Governor's [letter](#) to Secretary Blinken.
- Friday, February 25: In a [letter](#) to the Ukrainian Embassy and Consulate, Governor Polis pledged to welcome refugees to Colorado, writing "Colorado stands at the ready to embrace Ukrainian refugees should this conflict continue."
- Friday, February 25: In a [letter](#) to the Russian Embassy and Consulate, Governor Polis severed diplomatic ties with Russia.
- Friday, February 25: In a letter to Colorado PERA, Governor Polis [applauded](#) Colorado PERA's quick action to divest \$7.2M from a Russian bank and urge the complete divestiture of the PERA Trust Fund from any and all Russian state-owned institutions.



- Friday, February 25: The Governor, staff members from offices of Colorado's federal delegation, and the Office of New Americans met with Ukrainian Coloradans and other community leaders, such as in the faith and nonprofit sector.
- Wednesday, March 2: Governor Jared Polis wrote a [letter](#) this week to Colorado's Institutions of Higher Education urging them to examine ways to divest from Russian state-owned assets.
- Monday, March 14: Governor Polis announced that the state collected more than 1,000 ballistic helmets and nearly 840 complete sets of surplus body armor from over 25 local law enforcement agencies to send to the Ukrainian people in their fight for freedom and democracy. Learn more [here](#).
- Thursday, March 24: Governor Polis applauded the Biden administration's decision to welcome Ukrainians to the United States and Colorado. See the press release [here](#).
- Friday, April 7: The Governor's Ukrainian Migrants Task Force had its first meeting to establish how the state will allocate and compile resources and information for Ukrainians coming to Colorado.
- Friday, April 22: The Governor's Ukrainian Migrants Task Force released the first version of the [Ukrainian Welcome Packet](#) on the Office of New Americans website. It is available in both English and Ukrainian [here](#).

You can find information about additional recent actions by visiting the Governor's press release site [here](#).

I have a loved one in Ukraine or I have been in war before.

The last several months have been challenging for many Coloradans, and we want to remind you that taking care of yourself is important too. It can help to talk about your feelings. The staff at [Colorado Crisis and Support Line](#) are trained to support individuals who are struggling in myriad ways. You can reach someone who will listen and help you work through your feelings, for free, at 1-844-493-8255. Interpretation is available.



National Efforts

The Biden Administration launched the *Uniting for Ukraine* program. What are the key elements of this program?

On April 21, President Biden announced the *Uniting for Ukraine* program. See the announcement [here](#). This program provides a streamlined process for Ukrainians or their non-Ukrainian family members who have been displaced by Russia's aggression to apply for humanitarian parole in the United States. Humanitarian parole is a temporary status that provides people with protection and the ability to gain work authorization. U.S. citizens or other eligible individuals based in the U.S. can sponsor Ukrainian applicants. Sponsorship requires clear financial support for the applicant. Key security and health checks are built into this process.

Explore [this explainer](#) from Welcome.US to learn more about how to sponsor a Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolee.

How can I sponsor a Ukrainian to come to the U.S. under Humanitarian Parole?

The vast majority of interested sponsors are Ukrainians and Ukrainian Americans who want to help their family and friends. The U.S. Department of Homeland Security oversees this process. Visit their [website](#) to learn more about sponsorship. At present, sponsors will need to identify the individual or families to be sponsored at the time of application. There is not yet a process for interested sponsors to welcome an unknown Ukrainian; connect with Colorado's Ukrainian community for support to help identify individuals for sponsorship.

Sponsoring requires the completion of an I-134, Declaration of Financial Support. Welcome.US has created a detailed Guide to the Humanitarian Parole Application, found [here](#).

What kind of immigration statuses might Ukrainians and others seeking refuge from the war have?

Following the announcement of *Uniting for Ukraine*, it is clear that the majority of Ukrainians entering the U.S. will arrive under humanitarian parole, a temporary legal status that provides work authorization.

As in all migration situations, individuals fleeing similar circumstances may have different immigration statuses. Ukrainians have entered the U.S. as asylum seekers. The Biden Administration is discouraging seeking asylum as a primary strategy for Ukrainians and encouraging use of humanitarian parole. Individuals present in the U.S. as of April 11, 2022 and continuously residing in the U.S. since April 19, 2022 are eligible to apply for Temporary



Protected Status (TPS). Ukrainians may also be present under student, tourist, employment, or other family-based visas. Finally, we may see a small number of the most vulnerable arrive as refugees and they will be served by the traditional refugee resettlement system.

I am from Ukraine, and I was in the United States as a student, tourist, or otherwise without immigration status on or before April 11, 2022. How can I access protection in the U.S.?

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Secretary Mayorkas announced that the U.S. will provide Temporary Protected Status (TPS) to Ukrainians who have been residing in the U.S. since April 11, 2022. Visit the DHS site for Ukrainian TPS [here](#). Here is a fact sheet about TPS from the [American Immigration Council](#).

International Support

How can Coloradans support Ukrainians abroad?

This is a dynamic and fluid situation. Most of the support needed right now is in Europe, but the Ukrainians of Colorado organization is also hard at work here in the state. Check them out [here](#) and on [Facebook](#). In addition, you can find relevant information, including a myriad of ways to learn and engage, at the U.S. Department of State's United with Ukraine website, found [here](#).

The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) encourages cash donations to reputable relief and charitable organizations on the ground. Here are some ideas of places to support:

- From the United States Agency for International Development: <https://www.cidi.org/disaster-responses/war-in-ukraine/>
- From the Obama Foundation: <https://www.obama.org/updates/help-ukraine/>
- From CNN: [here](#)
- From Oprah: [here](#)

The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) Connecting Business Initiative has developed a [business guide for Ukraine](#) on how the private sector can responsibly plug into the crisis. For the provision of in-kind support you may contact UNOCHA's Private Sector Engagement Advisor at ocha-ers-ps@un.org. The U.S. Chamber of Commerce Foundation hosts a Ukraine Humanitarian Response webpage that provides a list of partners responding to the crisis for potential financial contributions. The [webpage](#) also provides a link whereby companies can provide information on what services they are

providing. We would encourage you all to utilize this tool to ensure a better understanding of the support that is going to Ukraine.

Additionally, the World Health Organization (WHO) has created a [webpage](#) for medical supply donations that includes a list of specific commodities they are in need of and would accept. Offers that comply with the request list can be sent to WHO HQ at hqoslquality@who.int.

How are European countries providing safety and sanctuary?

Most Ukrainians and others who fled the war are in Europe. The European Union extended protection to Ukrainians. A Temporary Protection Directive - activated on March 3rd - allows protection, residency, access to employment and education. This is key for Ukrainians; it allows Ukrainian refugees to travel, work and live in the European Union for the next three years. This type of protection is unique to the Ukrainian situation and will greatly assist the humanitarian crisis Russian aggression has created.

How can I connect my family or friends who fled Ukraine to services available in Europe?

Registration with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) can be a key way to ensure your loved one's short and longer-term protection. UNHCR works with all those who have been displaced, including those recently by war. Find more [here](#). There are many more organizations on the ground in host countries (countries currently hosting Ukrainians and others displaced by the war) and the situation is fluid. Social media can be a powerful tool in situations such as these.

What information and help is available for U.S. residents who need emergency assistance from the U.S. Department of State as a result of the war?

Here is a list of resources for U.S. citizens who may need emergency assistance from the [U.S. Department of State](#). State Department emergency assistance request form: [here](#); Travel Advisory & Alerts Enrollment: [here](#); Latest security updates & emergency assistance information: [here](#); U.S. Embassies consular services: [here](#); and the Welcome Center for U.S. citizens evacuating Ukraine to Poland: [here](#).